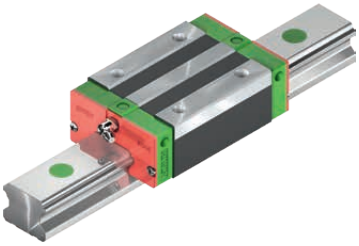
Linear guideways

Product overview

Linear guideway of **EG and QE series**



Linear guideway of EG and QE series

- Flat type
- Especially for applications with limited installation space
- Block with SynchMotion™ technology (QE series)

Dimensions of the EG/QE blocks

EGH/QEH

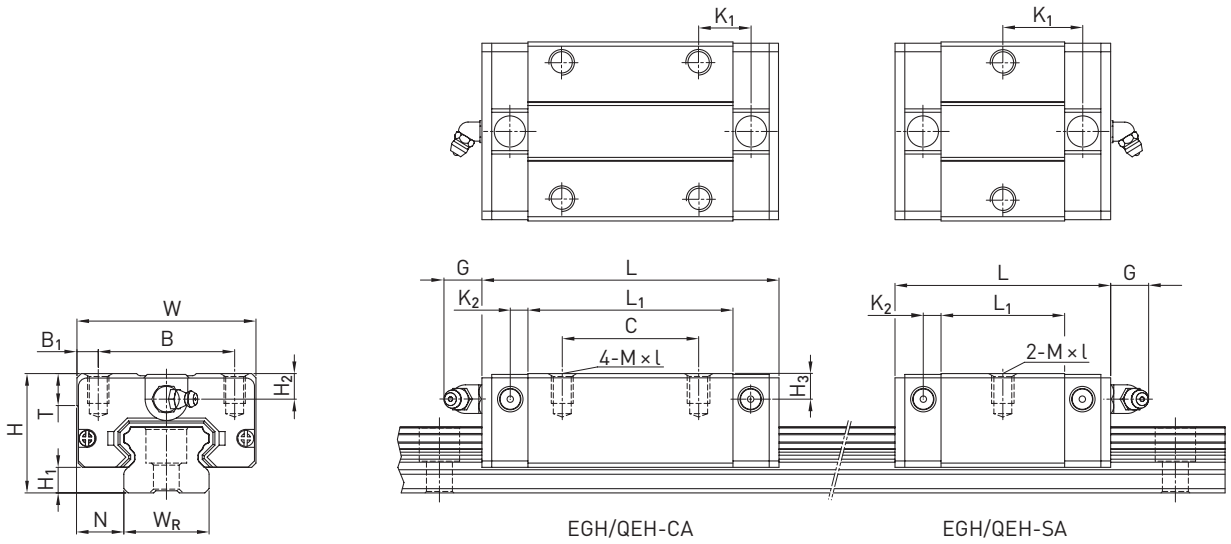


Table 3.45 **Dimensions of the block**

Series/size	Installation dimensions [mm]			Dimensions of the block [mm]													Load ratings [N]		Weight [kg]
	H	H_1	N	W	B	B_1	C	L_1	L	K_1	K_2	G	M × l	T	H_2	H_3	C_{dyn}	C_0	
EGH15SA	24	4.5	9.5	34	26	4.0	—	23.1	40.1	14.80	3.50	5.7	M4 × 6	6.0	5.5	6.0	5,350	9,400	0.09
EGH15CA							26	39.8	56.8	10.15							7,830	16,190	0.15
QEH15SA	24	4.0	9.5	34	26	4.0	—	23.1	40.1	14.80	3.50	5.7	M4 × 6	6.0	5.5	6.0	8,560	8,790	0.09
QEH15CA							26	39.8	56.8	10.15							12,530	15,280	0.15
EGH20SA	28	6.0	11.0	42	32	5.0	—	29.0	50.0	18.75	4.15	12.0	M5 × 7	7.5	6.0	6.0	7,230	12,740	0.15
EGH20CA							32	48.1	69.1	12.30							10,310	21,130	0.24
QEH20SA	28	6.0	11.0	42	32	5.0	—	29.0	50.0	18.75	4.15	12.0	M5 × 7	7.5	6.0	6.5	11,570	12,180	0.15
QEH20CA							32	48.1	69.1	12.30							16,500	20,210	0.23
EGH25SA	33	7.0	12.5	48	35	6.5	—	35.5	59.1	21.90	4.55	12.0	M6 × 9	8.0	8.0	8.0	11,400	19,500	0.25
EGH25CA							35	59.0	82.6	16.15							16,270	32,400	0.41
QEH25SA	33	6.2	12.5	48	35	6.5	—	35.5	60.1	21.90	5.00	12.0	M6 × 9	8.0	8.0	8.0	18,240	18,900	0.24
QEH25CA							35	59.0	83.6	16.15							26,030	31,490	0.40
EGH30SA	42	10.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	—	41.5	69.5	26.75	6.00	12.0	M8 × 12	9.0	8.0	9.0	16,420	28,100	0.45
EGH30CA							40	70.1	98.1	21.05							23,700	47,460	0.76
QEH30SA	42	10.0	16.0	60	40	10.0	—	41.5	67.5	25.75	6.00	12.0	M8 × 12	9.0	8.0	9.0	26,270	27,820	0.44
QEH30CA							40	70.1	96.1	20.05							37,920	46,630	0.75
EGH35SA	48	11.0	18.0	70	50	10.0	—	45.0	75.0	28.50	7.00	12.0	M8 × 12	10.0	8.5	8.5	22,660	37,380	0.74
EGH35CA							50	78.0	108.0	20.00							33,350	64,840	1.10
QEH35SA	48	11.0	18.0	70	50	10.0	—	51.0	76.0	30.30	6.25	12.0	M8 × 12	10.0	8.5	8.5	36,390	36,430	0.58
QEH35CA							50	83.0	108.0	21.30							51,180	59,280	0.90

For dimensions of the rail, see Page 73, for standard as well as optional lubrication adapter, see Page 148.

EGW/QEW

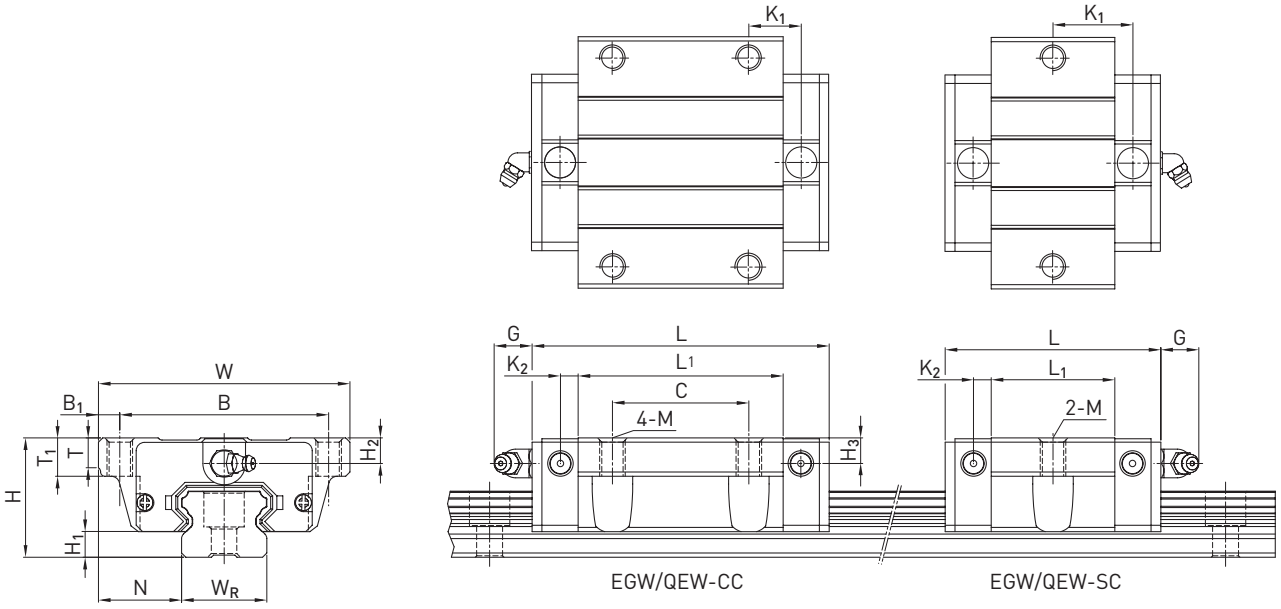


Table 3.46 **Dimensions of the block**

Series/size	Installation dimensions [mm]			Dimensions of the block [mm]													Load ratings [N]		Weight [kg]
	H	H_1	N	W	B	B_1	C	L_1	L	K_1	K_2	G	M	T	T_1	H_2	H_3	C_{dyn}	C_0	
EGW15SC	24	4.5	18.5	52	41	5.5	—	23.1	40.1	14.80	3.50	5.7	M5	5.0	7	5.5	6.0	5,350	9,400	0.12
EGW15CC							26	39.8	56.8	10.15								7,830	16,190	0.21
QEW15SC	24	4.0	18.5	52	41	5.5	—	23.1	40.1	14.80	3.50	5.7	M5	5.0	—	5.5	6.0	8,560	8,790	0.12
QEW15CC							26	39.8	56.8	10.15								12,530	15,280	0.21
EGW20SC	28	6.0	19.5	59	49	5.0	—	29.0	50.0	18.75	4.15	12.0	M6	7.0	9	6.0	6.0	7,230	12,740	0.19
EGW20CC							32	48.1	69.1	12.30								10,310	21,130	0.32
QEW20SC	28	6.0	19.5	59	49	5.0	—	29.0	50.0	18.75	4.15	12.0	M6	7.0	—	6.0	6.5	11,570	12,180	0.19
QEW20CC							32	48.1	69.1	12.30								16,500	20,210	0.31
EGW25SC	33	7.0	25.0	73	60	6.5	—	35.5	59.1	21.90	4.55	12.0	M8	7.5	10	8.0	8.0	11,400	19,500	0.35
EGW25CC							35	59.0	82.6	16.15								16,270	32,400	0.59
QEW25SC	33	6.2	25.0	73	60	6.5	—	35.5	60.1	21.90	5.00	12.0	M8	7.5	—	8.0	8.0	18,240	18,900	0.34
QEW25CC							35	59.0	83.6	16.15								26,030	31,490	0.58
EGW30SC	42	10.0	31.0	90	72	9.0	—	41.5	69.5	26.75	6.00	12.0	M10	7.0	10	8.0	9.0	16,420	28,100	0.62
EGW30CC							40	70.1	98.1	21.05								23,700	47,460	1.04
QEW30SC	42	10.0	31.0	90	72	9.0	—	41.5	67.5	25.75	6.00	12.0	M10	7.0	—	8.0	9.0	26,270	27,820	0.61
QEW30CC							40	70.1	96.1	20.05								37,920	46,630	1.03
EGW35SC	48	11.0	33.0	100	82	9.0	—	45.0	75.0	28.50	7.00	12.0	M10	10.0	13	8.5	8.5	22,660	37,380	0.91
EGW35CC							50	78.0	108.0	20.00								33,350	64,840	1.40
QEW35SC	48	11.0	33.0	100	82	9.0	—	51.0	76.0	30.30	6.25	12.0	M10	10.0	13	8.5	8.5	36,390	36,430	0.77
QEW35CC							50	83.0	108.0	21.30								51,180	59,280	1.19

For dimensions of the rail, see Page 73, for standard as well as optional lubrication adapter, see Page 148.

Dimensions of the EG rail
The EG profile rail is used for both the EG and QE blocks.

Dimensions EGR_R

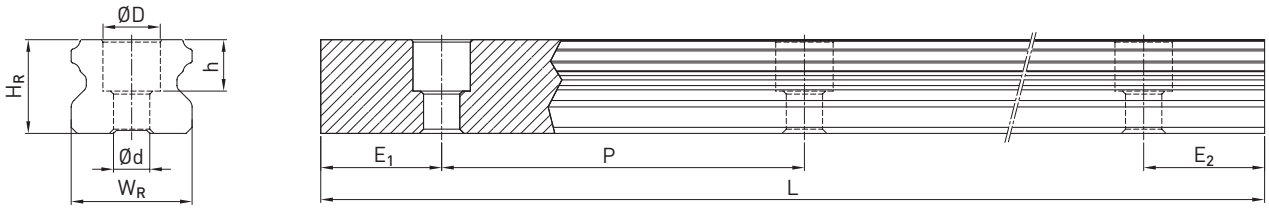


Table 3.47 **Dimensions of profile rail EGR_R**

Series/size	Assembly screw for rail [mm]	Dimensions of the rail [mm]						Max. length [mm]	Max. length $E_1 = E_2$ [mm]	Min. length [mm]	$E_{1/2}$ min [mm]	$E_{1/2}$ max [mm]	Weight [kg/m]
		W_R	H_R	D	h	d	P						
EGR15R	M3 × 16	15	12.5	6.0	4.5	3.5	60	4,000	3,900	70	5	54	1.25
EGR20R	M5 × 20	20	15.5	9.5	8.5	6.0	60	4,000	3,900	74	7	53	2.08
EGR25R	M6 × 25	23	18.0	11.0	9.0	7.0	60	4,000/5,600	3,900/5,520 [1)]	76	8	52	2.67
EGR30R	M6 × 30	28	23.0	11.0	9.0	7.0	80	4,000/5,600	3,900/5,520 [1)]	96	8	71	4.35
EGR35R	M8 × 35	34	27.5	14.0	12.0	9.0	80	4,000	3,920	98	9	71	6.14

3.3.10.2 Dimensions EGR_U (large mounting holes)

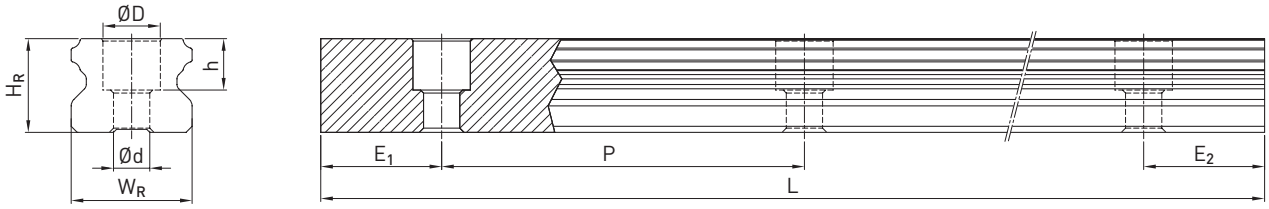


Table 3.48 **Dimensions of profile rail EGR_U**

Series/size	Assembly screw for rail [mm]	Dimensions of the rail [mm]						Max. length [mm]	Max. length $E_1 = E_2$ [mm]	Min. length [mm]	$E_{1/2}$ min [mm]	$E_{1/2}$ max [mm]	Weight [kg/m]
		W_R	H_R	D	h	d	P						
EGR15U	M4 × 16	15	12.5	7.5	5.3	4.5	60	4,000	3,900	72	6	54	1.23
EGR30U	M8 × 30	28	23.0	14.0	12.0	9.0	80	4,000	3,920	98	9	71	4.23

Note:
1. The tolerance for E is +0,5 to −1 mm for standard, for joint connections 0 to −0.3 mm.
2. If no information is provided on the $E_{1/2}$ dimensions, the maximum number of mounting holes is determined taking into account $E_{1/2}$ min.
3. The rails are shortened to the desired length. If no information on the $E_{1/2}$ dimensions is provided, then the rails are manufactured symmetrically.

2.2 Selection principles

Determine the selection conditions

- Machine base
- Maximum installation space
- Desired accuracy
- Required rigidity
- Load type
- Travel path
- Travel speed, acceleration
- Frequency of use
- Service life
- Environmental conditions

Select the series

- HG and CG series – grinding, milling, drilling machines, lathes, machining centres, woodworking
- EG series – automation technology, high-speed transport, semiconductor assembly, precision measuring equipment
- WE series – single axes with high torque loads M_X
- MG series – miniature technology, semiconductor assembly, medical technology
- RG series – machining centres, injection moulding machines, machines and systems with high rigidity

Select the accuracy class

- Classes: C, H, P, SP, UP, depending on the required accuracy

Determine the size and number of blocks

- Depending on empirical values
- Depending on type of load
- If a ballscrew is used, the nominal size of the linear guideways and the ballscrew should be similar, e.g. 32 mm ballscrew and 35 mm profile rail.

Calculate the maximum block load

- Calculate the maximum block load using the example calculations (see section 2.5). Make sure that the static support stability factor of the selected linear guideway is higher than the corresponding value in the static support stability factor table.

Determine the preload

- The preload depends on the stiffness requirements and the accuracy of the mounting surface.

Determine the rigidity

- Calculate the deformation (δ) using the stiffness table in the respective chapter; the stiffness increases with higher preload and with larger guideway dimensions.

Calculation of service life

- Determine the required service life taking into account the travel speed and frequency; use the example calculations as a guide (see section 2.4).

Select the type of lubrication

- Grease lubrication via lubricating nipple
- Oil lubrication via connection line

Selection finished

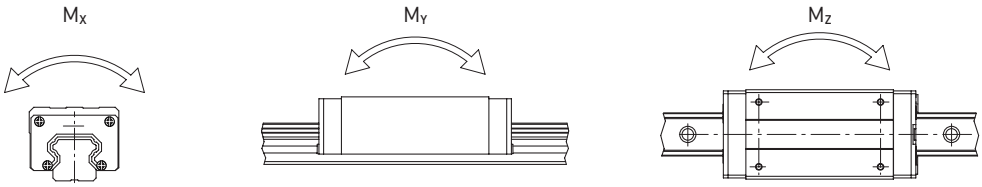
2.3 Load ratings

2.3.1 Static load rating C_0

If a linear guideway system is subjected to excessive loads or impacts during movement or at a standstill, localised permanent deformation occurs between the track and balls. As soon as this permanent deformation exceeds a certain level, it affects smooth operation of the guideway. According to its basic definition, the static load rating corresponds to a static load that causes permanent deformation of 0.0001 × ball diameter at the contact point that is loaded the most. The values are given in the tables for each linear guideway system. Using these tables, the designer can select a suitable linear guideway system. The maximum static load to which a linear guideway system is subjected must not exceed the static load rating.

2.3.2 Permissible static moment M_0

The permissible static moment is the moment which, in a defined direction and size, corresponds to the maximum possible load on the moving parts by the basic static load rating. The permissible static moment is defined for linear motion systems for three directions: M_X, M_Y and M_Z.



2.3.3 Static support stability

For profile rail systems at rest and slow motion, the static support stability must be taken into account, which depends on the environmental and operating conditions. Increased support stability is particularly important for guideways that are subjected to impact loads, see Table 2.1. The static support stability can be calculated according to F 2.1.

F 2.1

$$f_{SL} = \frac{C_0}{P} \; ; \quad f_{SM} = \frac{M_0}{M}$$

f_{SL}	Static support stability
f_{SM}	Static support stability for torque load
C_0	Static load rating [N]
M_0	Permissible static moment [Nm]
P	Static equivalent load [N]
M	Static equivalent moment [Nm]

Note: The linear guideway's load-bearing capacity is often restricted – not by its load-bearing strength, but by the screw connection. We therefore recommend checking the screw connection's maximum permissible load-bearing capacity in accordance with VDI 2230.

Table 2.1 **Static support stability**

Load	f_{SL}; f_{SM} [min.]
Normal load	1.25 – 3.00
With jolting and vibration	3.00 – 5.00

2.3.4 Dynamic load rating C_{dyn}

The dynamic load rating is the load, defined in terms of direction and size, at which a linear guideway achieves a nominal service life of a 50 km [1] (HG, QH, EG, QE, CG, WE, QW, MG) or 100 km [1] (RG, QR) travel path. The dynamic load rating is specified for each guideway in the dimension tables. It can be used to calculate the service life of a particular guideway.

[1] The dynamic load rating of linear guideways is specified for a service life of a 50 or 100 km travel path, depending on the manufacturer. The following factors can be used to convert the basic dynamic load rating: C_{dyn} 50 km = 1.26 × C_{dyn} 100 km (HG, QH, EG, QE, CG, WE, QW, MG series)
C_{dyn} 50 km = 1.23 × C_{dyn} 100 km (RG, QR series)

2.4 Service life calculation

2.4.1 Definition of service life

The constant and repeated loading of tracks and balls of a linear guideway causes fatigue on the track surface. In the end, so-called pitting formation occurs.
The service life of a linear guideway is defined as the total travel distance covered until pitting occurs on the surface of the track or balls.

2.4.2 Nominal service life (L)

The service life can be very different even if linear guideways are manufactured in the same way and used under the same movement conditions. Therefore, the nominal service life is taken as a reference value for estimating the service life of a linear guideway.
The nominal service life corresponds to the total travel path achieved without failure by 90% of a group of identical linear guideways used under the same conditions.

2.4.2.1 Calculation of the nominal service life

The actual load influences the nominal service life of a linear guideway. Using the selected dynamic load rating and the equivalent dynamic load, the nominal service life can be calculated using the formulas F 2.2 and F 2.3.

Formulas for calculation of the nominal service life

HG, QH, EG, QE, CG, WE, QW, MG series:

F 2.2

$$L = \left(\frac{C_{dyn}}{P}\right)^3 \times 50\,km$$

RG, QR series:

F 2.3

$$L = \left(\frac{C_{dyn}}{P}\right)^{10/3} \times 100\,km$$

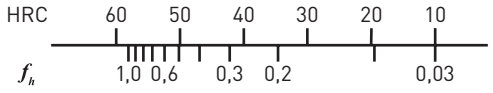
L	Nominal service life [km]
C_{dyn}	Dynamic load rating [N]
P	Dynamic equivalent load [N]

2.4.2.2 Factors of nominal service life

The type of load, the hardness of the track and the temperature of the guideway have a considerable influence on the nominal service life. The relationship between these factors are shown by formulas F 2.4 and F 2.5.

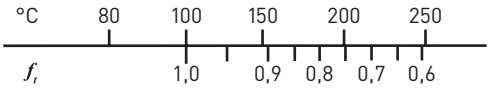
Hardness factor (f_h)

The tracks of the linear guideways have a hardness of 58 HRC. A hardness factor of 1.0 therefore applies. If the hardness differs, the hardness factor according to the adjacent figure must be taken into account. If the specified hardness is not achieved, the permissible load is reduced. In this case, the dynamic load rating and the static load rating must be multiplied by the hardness factor.



Temperature factor (f_t)

The application range of the standard profile rails is between –10 and 80 °C ambient temperature. For ambient temperatures up to 150 °C, the use of linear guideways with steel deflection system is required (marked with the suffix "SE" in the order code). Short-term ambient temperatures of up to 180 °C are possible. However, we recommend consulting our technical support for this. If the temperature of a linear guideway exceeds 100 °C, the permissible load and the service life are reduced. That is why the dynamic load rating and the static load rating must be multiplied by the temperature factor.



Linear guideways

General information

Load factor (f_w)

To take into account external influences on the service life of the profile rails which are not directly included in the calculation (e.g. vibrations, jolting and high speed), the dynamic equivalent load is multiplied by the load factor according to Table 2.2. For short-stroke applications (stroke < 2 × block lengths), the calculated load factor must be doubled.

Table 2.2 **Load factor**

Type of load	Travel speed	f_w
No jolting and vibration	At 15 m/min	1.0 – 1.2
Normal load	15 m/min – 60 m/min	1.2 – 1.5
Minor jolting	60 m/min – 120 m/min	1.5 – 2.0
With jolting and vibration	Greater than 120 m/min	2.0 – 3.5

Formulas for calculation of the nominal service life (considering all factors)

HG, QH, EG, QE, CG, WE, QW, MG series:

F 2.4

$$L = \left(\frac{f_h \times f_t \times C_{dyn}}{f_w \times P} \right)^3 \times 50\,km$$

RG, QR series:

F 2.5

$$L = \left(\frac{f_h \times f_t \times C_{dyn}}{f_w \times P} \right)^{10/3} \times 100\,km$$

L	Nominal service life [km]
f_h	Hardness factor
C_{dyn}	Dynamic load rating [N]
f_t	Temperature factor
P	Dynamic equivalent load [N]
f_w	Load factor

2.4.3 Service life (L_h)

The service life in hours is calculated from the nominal service life with the aid of the travel speed and movement frequency.

Formulas for calculation of the service life (L_h)

HG, QH, EG, QE, CG, WE, QW, MG series:

F 2.6

$$L_h = \frac{L}{v \times 60} = \frac{\left(\frac{C_{dyn}}{P} \right)^3 \times 50.000}{v \times 60}$$

RG, QR series:

F 2.7

$$L_h = \frac{L}{v \times 60} = \frac{\left(\frac{C_{dyn}}{P} \right)^{10/3} \times 100.000}{v \times 60}$$

L_h	Service life [h]
L	Nominal service life [m]
v	Velocity [m/min]
C_{dyn}/P	Load rating/Load ratio

2.6 Friction and lubrication

2.6.1 Frictional resistance

The use of rolling elements in the linear guideway essentially reduces the friction to the rolling friction of the rolling elements. The friction coefficient of linear guideways is thus very small, up to one fiftieth of the value of traditional sliding guides. In general, the friction coefficient is about 0.004, depending on the series. If the load is only 10% or less of the basic dynamic load rating, most of the frictional resistance is generated by the wipers and by the grease and friction between the rolling elements. If the operating load becomes greater than 10% of the dynamic load rating, the load provides most of the frictional resistance.

F 2.8

$$F = \mu \times W + S$$

F	Frictional force [N]
S	Frictional resistance [N]
μ	Friction coefficient
W	Load [N]

2.6.2 Lubrication

The linear guideways, like all rolling bearings, require adequate lubrication. Both grease and oil may be used in general. The lubricant is a constructional element and should be taken into consideration when designing a machine. The lubricants reduce wear, protect against dirt, reduce corrosion and lengthen service life. Dirt can settle and solidify on unprotected profile rails. This dirt must be removed on a regular basis.

For wall mounting, we generally recommend grease or low-viscosity lubricant; for oil lubrication, we generally ask that you consult us, as insufficient lubrication may occur depending on the installation position.

HIWIN offers greases for different requirements:

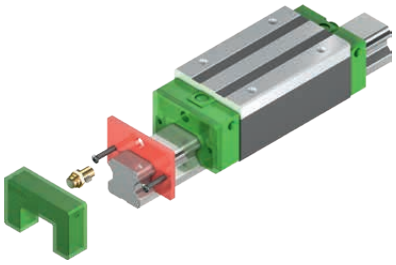
- HIWIN G01: Heavy-duty applications
- HIWIN G02: Clean room and vacuum applications
- HIWIN G03 Clean room and vacuum applications with high velocities
- HIWIN G04: Applications with high speeds
- HIWIN G05: Standard applications
- HIWIN G06: Short stroke and high frequency applications
- HIWIN G07: Applications at low temperatures

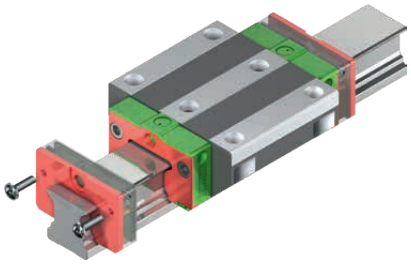
Information on HIWIN lubricants can be found in the Accessories chapter on Page 149. Detailed information on HIWIN lubricants and lubrication of the linear guideways can be found in the **"Linear guideways"** assembly instructions at www.hiwin.de.

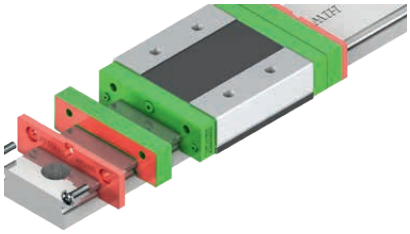
2.6.3 Long-term lubrication unit

The long-time lubrication unit considerably increases lubrication intervals. Depending on the application and ambient conditions, it can achieve lifetime lubrication.
It also considerably reduces lubricant consumption, as only the required quantity of lubricant is applied.
The compact construction and special design allows the block to be fitted in any position without impairing the lubrication function.

The long-time lubrication unit can be used at ambient temperatures of –10 °C to +60 °C.
The long-time lubrication units are available for the HG/QH, CG, EG/QE, MG and RG series. The corresponding dimensions and the running performance can be found in the chapter of the corresponding series.







Applications

- Machine tools
- Production machines: Injection moulding machines, paper industry, textile machines, food industry, woodworking machines
- Electronics industry: Semiconductor industry, robotics, cross tables, measuring and testing machines
- Other areas: Medical equipment, automation, handling technology

Linear guideways

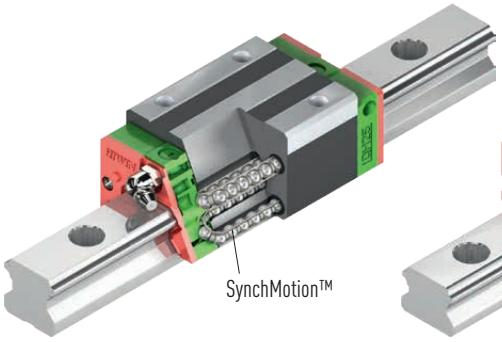
General information

2.10 SynchMotion™ technology

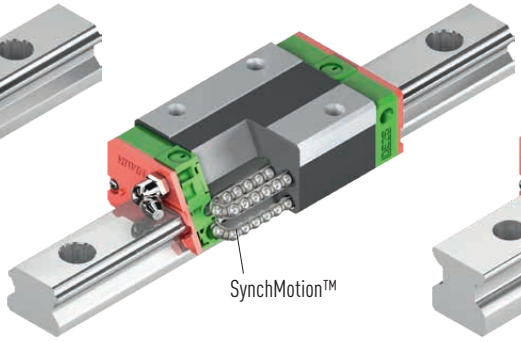
The innovative SynchMotion™ technology reduces contact between the rolling elements and the block. Similar to the ball cage of a standard ball bearing, the rolling elements are kept at a defined distance from each other by SynchMotion™ technology. Counter-rotating friction, as occurs in conventional linear guideways, is thus prevented and synchronisation fluctuations are significantly reduced. Even at high speeds, no uncontrolled ball movements occur. SynchMotion™ technology also improves lubricant transport within the block and lubricant storage.

Advantages:

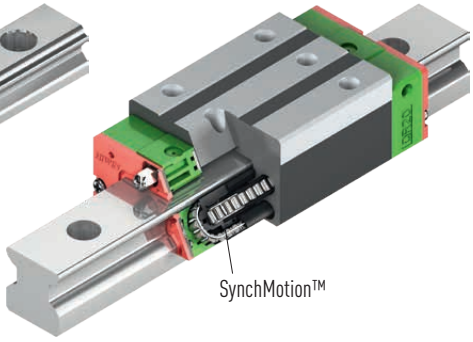
- Improved synchronous performance
- Optimised for high travel speeds
- Improved lubrication properties
- Reduced running noise
- Higher dynamic load rating



QH series



QE series



QR series

Table 2.8 **Availability of SynchMotion™ technology for HIWIN linear guideways**

Series	Sizes									
	15	20	21	25	27	30	35	45	55	65
QH	●	●	–	●	–	●	●	●	–	–
QE	●	●	–	●	–	●	●	–	–	–
QW	–	–	●	–	●	–	●	–	–	–
QR	–	–	–	●	–	●	●	●	–	–

Dimensionally identical and compatible with the HG, EG, WE and RG blocks, the blocks with SynchMotion™ technology are mounted on the standard rail and are therefore very easy to exchange.

2.11 Heat-resistant linear guideways

For continuous operation at temperatures above 80 °C, "solid steel" blocks with steel deflection systems are used. The standard end seals are replaced by heat-resistant end seals and the plastic cover caps of the profile rail by brass cover caps.

Special properties:

- Good temperature resistance
- Operating temperature up to 150 °C
- Temperature peaks of up to 180 °C.

Application areas:

- Devices for heat treatment
- Welding devices
- Devices for glass production
- Devices for use in a vacuum.

Table 2.9 **Series with available steel deflection system option**

Series	Size
HG	15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 45, 55, 65
EG	20, 25
MGN	7, 9, 12, 15
MGW	12, 15

Article number: For the steel deflection system option, add identifier "/SE" to the order code. See the structure of the order code in the chapter on the individual series.
HG: from Page 30, EG: from Page 66, MG: from Page 93

Order example:

HG	W	25	C	C	ZA	H	ZZ	SE

Note: Heat-resistant linear guideways with steel deflector generally have poorer running properties than comparable standard linear guideways with plastic deflector and are always supplied assembled as linear guideways.

2.12 HIWIN coating for linear guideways

2.12.1 HIWIN coating HICOAT CZS

2.12.1.1 Features and properties

HICOAT CZS is a very thin zinc coating that provides very good corrosion protection, even in radii and chamfers. Smaller bare spots remain protected against corrosion by the cathodic protection effect. This results in a significantly longer service life compared to uncoated parts. CZS coating available for the HG, EG, CG and WE series. Note: Not for series RG, MG, PG, QH, QE, QR and QW.

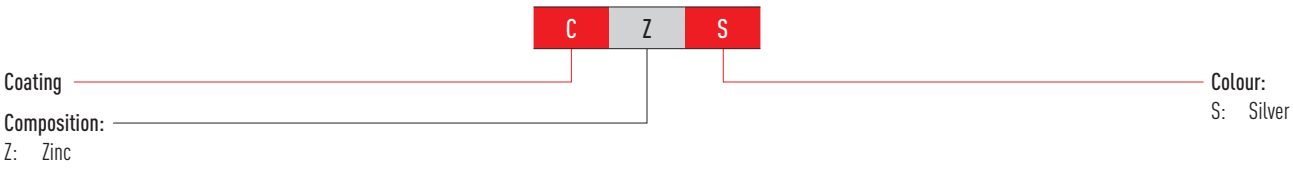
Specific features:

- Very good corrosion protection
- Cr(VI)-free
- One-piece and multi-piece rails available from stock
- End preservation with zinc spray (see below)
- Possible interaction between coating, ambient medium and lubricant should be checked on a case-by-case basis

Technical data:

- Salt spray test according to DIN EN ISO 9227 (with unloaded rail): 300 hours
- Salt spray test according to DIN EN ISO 9227 (with loaded rail): 99 hours
- Maximum rail length (one-piece): 4.0 meters

2.12.1.2 Order code for CZS coatings



2.12.1.3 Corrosion test

CZS-coated profile rails were tested in comparison with an uncoated profile rail.

New rail in CZS coating

Rail with CZS coating – after 6 months of outdoor storage

Rail (unloaded) with CZS coating – after 99 hours of salt spray test (according to DIN EN ISO 9227)

Uncoated rail – after 4 hours of salt spray test

2.12.1.4 Rail end

The rail ends are preserved with zinc spray. In order to achieve reliable corrosion protection at the uncoated rail ends as well, a high-quality zinc spray (zinc content 99%) is used. The rail ends of single-piece rails and the outer ends of multi-piece rails are preserved with zinc spray approx. 2 mm beyond the cut edge as shown in Fig. 2.1. Rail ends at joints are supplied with a greased, uncoated cut edge (see Fig. 2.2).
Note: The mounting holes and the process-related contact points on the underside of the rail may have lower coating thicknesses or isolated bare spots. The inner side of the block is generally not coated.

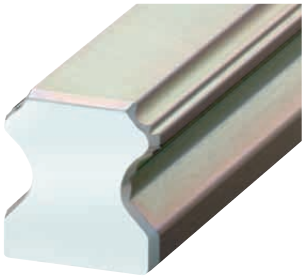


Fig. 2.1 **Rail end preserved with zinc spray**

Fig. 2.2 **Joint uncoated**

2.12.2 HIWIN coating HICOAT CTS

2.12.2.1 Features and properties

HICOAT CTS is a thin film chromium plating that provides good corrosion protection and very good wear protection. The high wear resistance results from the very high hardness of the coating. The CTS coating is Cr(VI)-free and food safe. It is available for the HG, EG, CG and WE series.

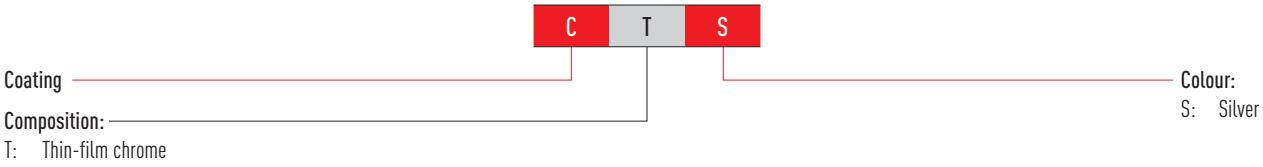
Specific features:

- Very good wear protection
- Good corrosion protection
- Cr(VI)-free
- One-piece rails available from stock (end preservation with zinc spray, see below)
- Multi-piece rails are delivered including coated ends (longer delivery time)
- Food safe

Technical data:

- Salt spray test according to DIN EN ISO 9227 (with unloaded rail): 96 hours
- Salt spray test according to DIN EN ISO 9227 (with loaded rail): 22 hours
- Maximum rail length (one-piece): 4.0 meters

2.12.2.2 Order code for CTS coatings



2.12.2.3 Corrosion test

CTS-coated profile rails were tested in comparison with an uncoated profile rail.

New rail in CTS coating

Rail with CTS coating - after 1 month of outdoor storage

Rail (unloaded) with CTS coating - after 22 hours of salt spray test (according to DIN EN ISO 9227)

Uncoated rail – after 4 hours of salt spray test

2.12.2.4 Rail end

For one-piece rails, the rail ends are preserved with zinc spray as shown in the adjacent figure. In order to achieve reliable corrosion protection at the uncoated rail ends as well, a high-quality, food-safe zinc spray (zinc content 99%) is used. Multi-piece rails are delivered with coated rail ends (longer delivery time).
Note: The mounting holes may have lower coating thicknesses or isolated bare spots. The inner side of the block is generally not coated.

Linear guideways

EG/QE series

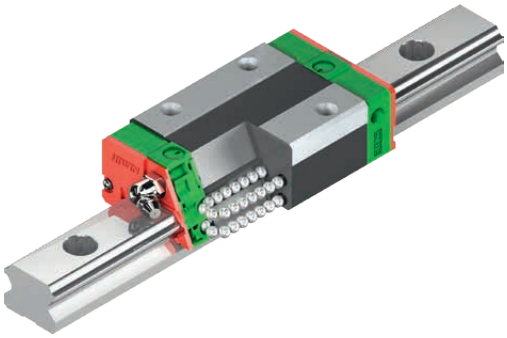
3.3 EG/QE series

3.3.1 Properties of the EG and QE series linear guideways

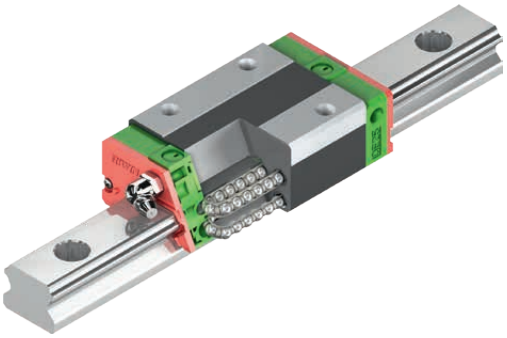
Flat type, specially for applications with limited installation space. The HIWIN linear guideways of the EG series with four ball tracks are well-suited for applications with tight installation space due to their low installation height. Nevertheless, the EG series has the same properties as the HG series: high load capacity, low displacement forces and high efficiency. The ball retainers prevent the balls from falling out when pulled from the profile rail during installation of the blocks.
The models of the QE series with SynchMotion™ technology offer all the advantages of the standard EG series. Controlled movement of the balls at a defined distance also results in improved synchronous performance, higher reliable travel speeds, extended lubrication intervals and less running noise. Since the installation dimensions of the QE blocks are identical to those of the EG blocks, they are also mounted on the EGR standard rail and can thus be easily interchanged. For further information, see Page 24.

3.3.2 Layout of EG/QE series

- Four-row recirculating ball bearing guide
- 45° contact angle of the ball tracks
- The ball retainers prevent the balls from falling out when the block is removed
- Different sealing variants, depending on application area
- 6 connection options for lubricating nipples or lubrication adapters
- SynchMotion™ technology (QE series)



Layout of EG series



Layout of QE series

Advantages:

- Backlash-free
- Exchangeable
- High accuracy
- Highly resilient in all loading directions
- Low friction losses even with preload from optimised ball tracks and 2-point contact

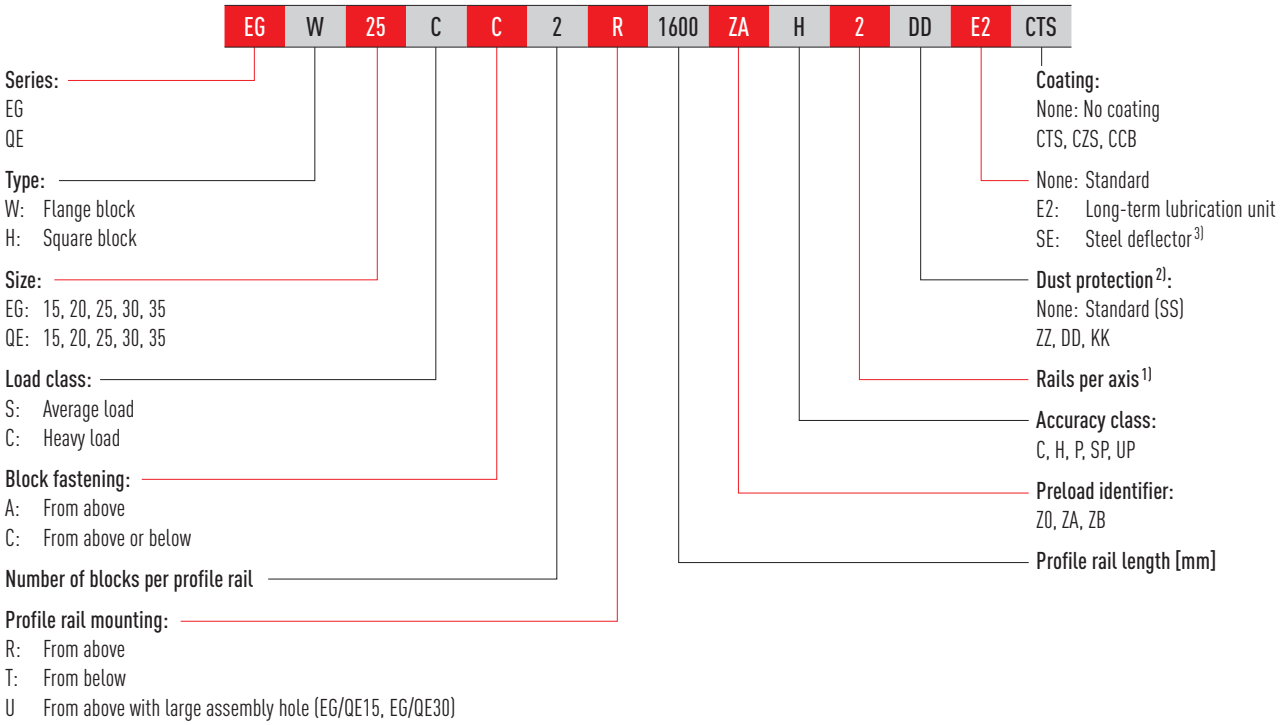
Additional advantages of QE series:

- Improved synchronous performance
- Optimised for higher travel speeds
- Extended relubrication intervals
- Reduced running noise
- Higher dynamic load rating

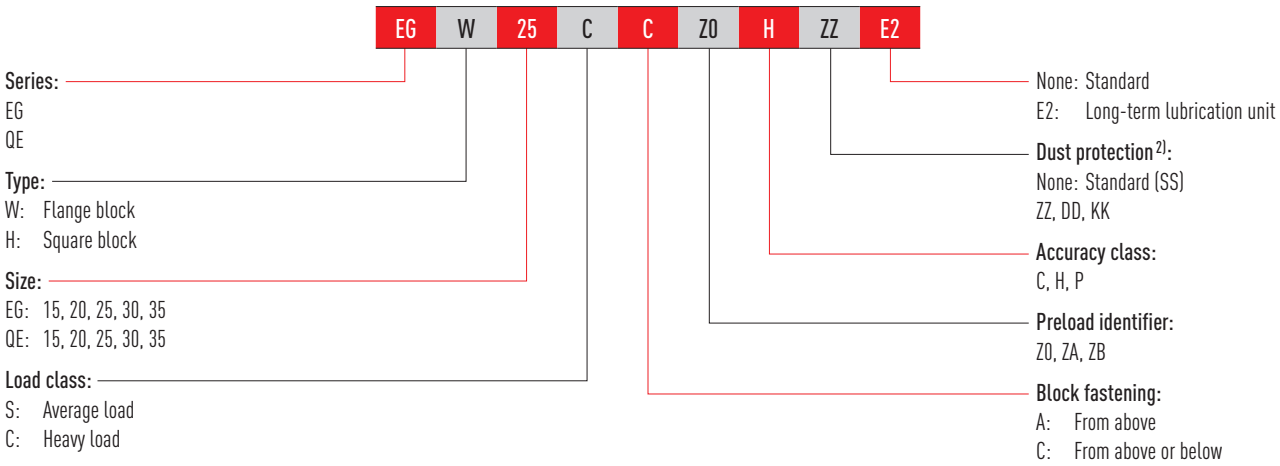
3.3.3 Order codes of EG/QE series

For EG/QE linear guideways , there is a distinction made between assembled and non-assembled models. The dimensions of both models are the same. The main difference is that, in the unassembled models, blocks and profile rails can be freely interchanged. Block and profile rail can be ordered separately and mounted by the customer. Their accuracy reaches class P.

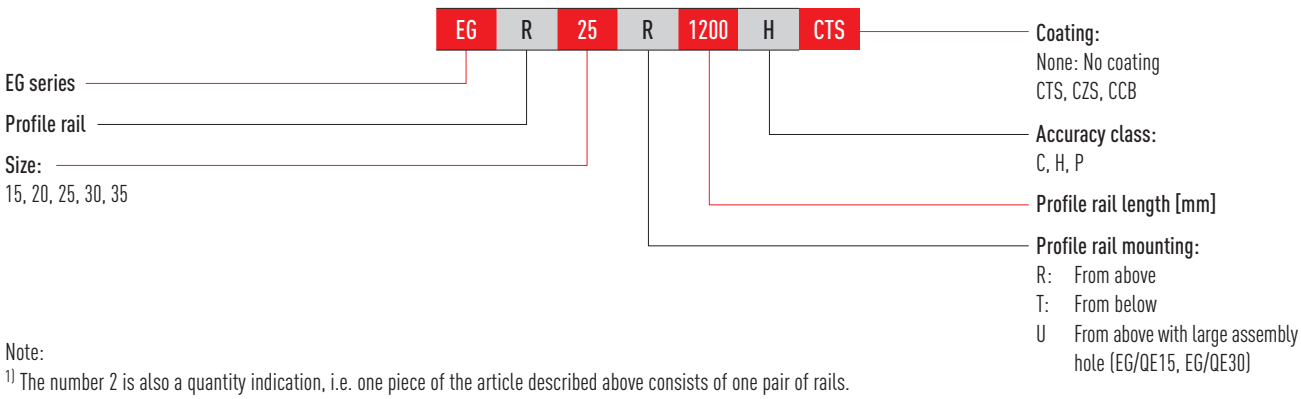
Order code for linear guideway (assembled)



Order number of block (not assembled)



Order number of profile rail (not assembled)



Note:

1) The number 2 is also a quantity indication, i.e. one piece of the article described above consists of one pair of rails. No number is given for single profile rails. In the case of multi-part rails, the joint is offset as standard.

2) An overview of the individual sealing systems can be found on Page 22

3) Only available for EG 20 and EG 25

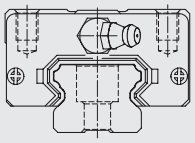
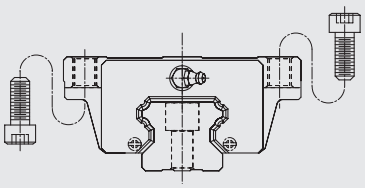
Linear guideways

EG/QE series

3.3.4 Block types

HIWIN offers block and flange blocks for its linear guideways. Due to the low installation height and the larger mounting surface, flange blocks are better suited for large loads.

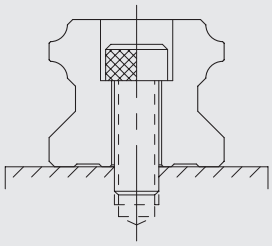
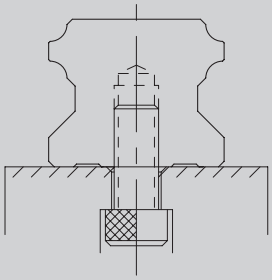
Table 3.40 **Block types**

Type	Series/size	Layout	Height [mm]	Typical applications
Square type	EGH-SA EGH-CA		24 – 48	○ Machining centres ○ NC lathes ○ Grinding machines ○ Precision milling machines ○ High performance cutting machines ○ Automation technology ○ Transport technology ○ Measuring technology ○ Machines and devices with high required positioning accuracy
Flange type	EGW-SC EGW-CC			

3.3.5 Profile rail types

In addition to profile rails with standard fastening from above, HIWIN also offers rails for fastening from below.

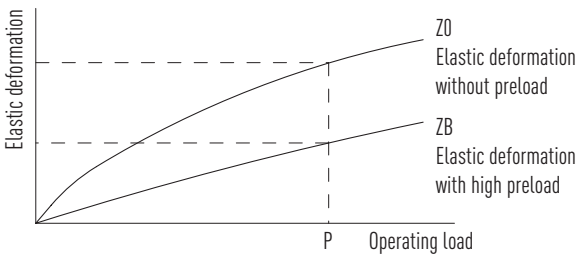
Table 3.41 **Profile rail types**

Fastening from above	Fastening from below
	
EGR_R	EGR_T

3.3.6 Preload

Definition

Each linear guideway can be preloaded via the ball size. The curve shows that the rigidity doubles at high preload. The EG/QE series of linear guideways offers three standard preloads for different applications and conditions.



Preload identifier

Table 3.42 **Preload identifier**

Identifier	Preload		Application	Example applications
Z0	Slight preload	0 – 0.02 C_{dyn}	Constant load direction, little vibration, less accuracy required	○ Transport technology ○ Automatic packaging machines ○ X-Y axis in industrial machines ○ Welding machines
ZA	Medium preload	0.03 – 0.05 C_{dyn}	High accuracy required	○ Machining centres ○ Z axes in industrial machines ○ Eroding machines ○ NC lathes ○ Precision X-Y table ○ Measuring technology
ZB	High preload	0.06 – 0.08 C_{dyn}	High rigidity required, vibration and jolting	○ Machining centres ○ Grinding machines ○ NC lathes ○ Horizontal and vertical milling machines ○ Z-axis of machine tools ○ High performance cutting machines

3.3.7 Load ratings and torques

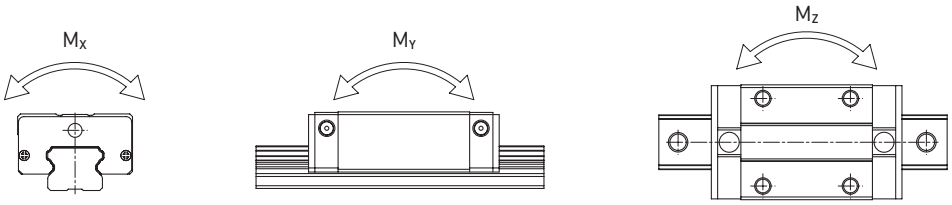


Table 3.43 **Load ratings and torques for EG/QE series**

Series/Size	Dynamic load rating C_{dyn} [N] [1]	Static load rating C_0 [N]	Static moment [Nm]		
			M_{0X}	M_{0Y}	M_{0Z}
EG_15S	5,350	9,400	80	40	40
QE_15S	8,560	8,790	70	30	30
EG_15C	7,830	16,190	130	100	100
QE_15C	12,530	15,280	120	90	90
EG_20S	7,230	12,740	130	60	60
QE_20S	11,570	12,180	130	50	50
EG_20C	10,310	21,130	220	160	160
QE_20C	16,500	20,210	210	150	150
EG_25S	11,400	19,500	230	120	120
QE_25S	18,240	18,900	220	100	100
EG_25C	16,270	32,400	380	320	320
QE_25C	26,030	31,490	370	290	290
EG_30S	16,420	28,100	400	210	210
QE_30S	26,270	27,820	400	180	180
EG_30C	23,700	47,460	680	550	550
QE_30C	37,920	46,630	670	510	510
EG_35S	22,660	37,380	560	310	310
QE_35S	36,390	36,430	610	330	330
EG_35C	33,350	64,840	980	690	690
QE_35C	51,180	59,280	1,000	750	750

[1] Dynamic load rating for 50,000 m travel path

3.3.8 Rigidity

The rigidity depends on the preload. With the formula F 3.9, the deformation can be calculated depending on the rigidity.

F 3.9

$$\delta = \frac{P}{k}$$

- δ Deformation [μm]
- P Operating load [N]
- k Rigidity value [N/μm]

Table 3.44 **Radial rigidity of EG/QE series**

Load type	Series/size	Rigidity depending on the preload		
		Z0	**ZA**	**ZB**
Average load	**EG_15S**	105	126	141
	QE_15S	96	115	128
	EG_20S	126	151	168
	QE_20S	116	139	153
	EG_25S	156	187	209
	QE_25S	137	165	184
	EG_30S	184	221	246
	QE_30S	169	203	226
	EG_35S	221	265	295
	QE_35S	214	257	287
Heavy load	**EG_15C**	172	206	230
	QE_15C	157	187	209
	EG_20C	199	238	266
	QE_20C	183	219	245
	EG_25C	246	296	329
	QE_25C	219	263	293
	EG_30C	295	354	395
	QE_30C	271	326	363
	EG_35C	354	425	474
	QE_35C	333	399	445

Unit: N/μm

3.3.10.3 Dimensions EGR_T (profile rail fastening from below)

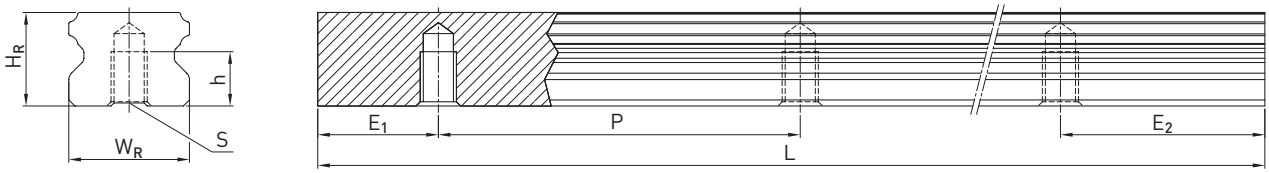


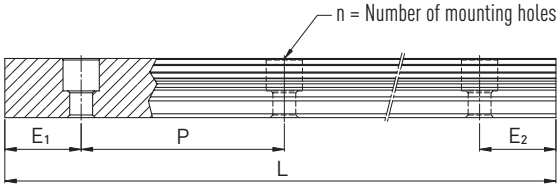
Table 3.49 **Dimensions of profile rail EGR_T**

Series/size	Dimensions of the rail [mm]					Max. length [mm]	Max. length $E_1 = E_2$ [mm]	Min. length [mm]	$E_{1/2}$ min [mm]	$E_{1/2}$ max [mm]	Weight [kg/m]
	W_R	H_R	S	h	P						
EGR15T	15	12.5	M5	7	60	4,000	3,900	70	5	54	1.26
EGR20T	20	15.5	M6	9	60	4,000	3,900	74	7	53	2.15
EGR25T	23	18.0	M6	10	60	4,000	3,900	76	8	52	2.79
EGR30T	28	23.0	M8	14	80	4,000	3,920	96	8	71	4.42
EGR35T	34	27.5	M8	17	80	4,000	3,920	98	9	71	6.34

Note:
1. The tolerance for E is +0,5 to −1 mm for standard, for joint connections 0 to −0.3 mm.
2. If no information is provided on the $E_{1/2}$ dimensions, the maximum number of mounting holes is determined taking into account $E_{1/2}$ min.
3. The rails are shortened to the desired length. If no information on the $E_{1/2}$ dimensions is provided, then the rails are manufactured symmetrically.

3.3.10.4 Calculation of the length of profile rails

HIWIN offers profile rains in customised lengths. To make sure the end of the profile rail does not become unstable, the value E should not exceed half the distance between the mounting holes (P). At the same time, the value $E_{1/2}$ should be between $E_{1/2}$ min and $E_{1/2}$ max so that the mounting hole does not break out.



F 3.10

$$L = (n - 1) \times P + E_1 + E_2$$

L Total length of the profile rail [mm]
n Number of mounting holes
P Distance between two mounting holes [mm]
$E_{1/2}$ Distance from the centre of the last mounting hole to the end of the profile rail [mm].

3.3.10.5 Cover caps for mounting holes of profile rails

The cover caps are used to keep the mounting holes free of chips and dirt. The standard plastic cover caps accompany each profile rail. Optional cover caps have to be ordered separately.

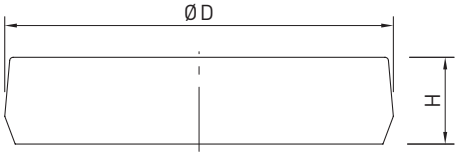


Table 3.50 **Cover caps for mounting holes of profile rails**

Rail	Screw	Article number			Ø D [mm]	Height H [mm]
		Plastic (200 units)	Brass [1]	Steel [1]		
EGR15R	M3	5-002217	5-001340	—	6.0	1.2
EGR20R	M5	5-002220	5-001350	5-001352	9.5	2.5
EGR25R	M6	5-002221	5-001355	5-001357	11.0	2.8
EGR30R	M6	5-002221	5-001355	5-001357	11.0	2.8
EGR35R	M8	5-002222	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.5
EGR15U	M4	5-002218	5-001344	—	7.5	1.2
EGR30U	M8	5-002222	5-001360	5-001362	14.0	3.5

[1] Not recommended for coated rails.

3.3.11 Sealing systems

Different sealing systems are available for HIWIN blocks. You can find an overview on Page 22. The following table shows the total length of the blocks with different sealing systems. Appropriate sealing systems are available for these sizes.

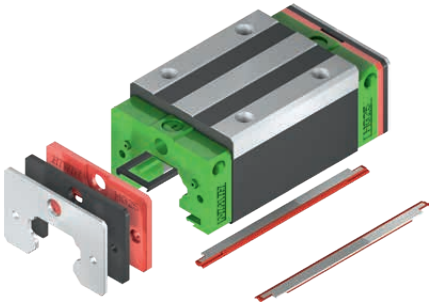


Table 3.51 **Total length of block with different sealing systems**

Series/size	Total length L (including screws)			
	SS	DD	ZZ	KK
EG_15S	40.1	44.1	41.7	45.7
QE_15S	40.1	44.1	42.1	46.1
EG_15C	56.8	60.8	58.4	62.4
QE_15C	56.8	60.8	58.8	62.8
EG_20S	50.0	54.0	51.6	55.6
QE_20S	50.0	54.0	52.0	56.0
EG_20C	69.1	73.1	70.7	74.7
QE_20C	69.1	73.1	71.1	75.1
EG_25S	59.1	63.1	61.1	65.1
QE_25S	60.1	65.1	62.1	67.1
EG_25C	82.6	86.6	84.6	88.6
QE_25C	83.6	88.6	85.6	90.6
EG_30S	69.5	73.5	71.5	75.5
QE_30S	67.5	72.5	69.5	74.5
EG_30C	98.1	102.1	100.1	104.1
QE_30C	96.1	101.1	98.1	103.1
EG_35S	75.0	79.0	78.0	82.0
QE_35S	76.0	80.0	79.0	83.0
EG_35C	108.0	112.0	111.0	115.0
QE_35C	108.0	112.0	111.0	115.0

Unit: mm

3.3.11.1 Designation of the seal sets

The seal sets are always shipped complete with the installation materials and include the supplemental parts for the standard seal.

EG | 15 | SS

Series:
EG
QE

Size:
EG: 15, 20, 25, 30, 35
QE: 15, 20, 25, 30, 35

Dust cover ID:
SS: Standard seal
ZZ: End seal with scraper
DD: Double end seal
KK: Double end seal with scraper

3.3.12 Long-term lubrication unit

Further information on the lubrication unit can be found in the general information In section "2.6.3 Long-term lubrication unit" on Page 15.
The following drawing shows the dimension (L) for a single-sided lubrication unit. The dimension for a double-sided lubrication unit results from the dimension L + V + T. The E2 long-term lubrication unit is available with the sealing systems named in the table.

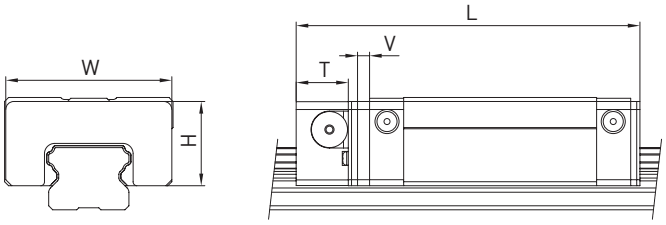


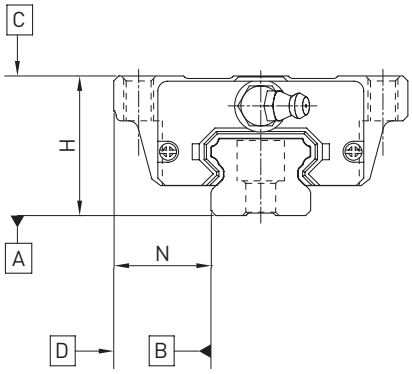
Table 3.52 **Dimensions of the block with lubrication unit E2**

Model	Dimensions of the block [mm]								Max. running performance[2] [km] E2 single-sided	Max. running performance[2] [km] E2 double-sided
	W	H	T	V	L_{SS} [1]	L_{ZZ} [1]	L_{DD} [1]	L_{KK} [1]		
EG_15S	33.3	18.7	11.5	3.0	54.6	56.2	58.6	60.2	10,000	20,000
QE_15S	33.3	19.2	11.5	3	54.6	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
EG_15C	33.3	18.7	11.5	3.0	71.3	72.9	75.3	76.9	10,000	20,000
QE_15C	33.3	19.2	11.5	3	71.3	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
EG_20S	41.3	20.9	13.0	3.0	66.0	67.6	70.0	71.6	10,000	20,000
QE_20S	41.3	20.9	13	3	66.0	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
EG_20C	41.3	20.9	13.0	3.0	85.1	86.7	89.1	90.7	10,000	20,000
QE_20C	41.3	20.9	13	3	85.1	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
EG_25S	47.3	24.9	13.0	3.0	75.1	77.1	79.1	81.1	10,000	20,000
QE_25S	47.3	24.9	13	3	76.1	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
EG_25C	47.3	24.9	13.0	3.0	98.6	100.6	102.6	104.6	10,000	20,000
QE_25C	47.3	24.9	13	3	99.6	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
EG_30S	59.3	31.0	13.0	3.0	85.5	87.5	89.5	91.5	10,000	20,000
QE_30S	59.3	31	13	3	83.5	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
EG_30C	59.3	31.0	13.0	3.0	114.1	116.1	118.1	120.1	10,000	20,000
QE_30C	59.3	31	13	3	112.1	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
QE_35S	68	35.5	13	3	92.0	–	–	–	20,000	30,000
QE_35C	68	35.5	13	3	124.0	–	–	–	20,000	30,000

[1] Total length depending on the selected dust protection. SS = Standard dust protection
[2] Further details can be found in the assembly instructions in the "Lubrication" chapter

3.3.13 Tolerances depending on the accuracy class

The EG and QE series are available in five accuracy classes according to the parallelism between block and rail, height accuracy H and width accuracy N. The selection of the accuracy class is determined by the requirements of the machine.



3.3.13.1 Parallelism

Parallelism of locating surfaces D and B of the block and rail and of top block surface C to mounting surface A of the rail. Ideal installation of the linear guideway and the measurement in the centre of the block are prerequisites.

Table 3.53 **Tolerance of parallelism between block and profile rail**

Rail length [mm]	Accuracy class				
	C	H	P	SP	UP
– 100	12	7	3	2	2
100 – 200	14	9	4	2	2
200 – 300	15	10	5	3	2
300 – 500	17	12	6	3	2
500 – 700	20	13	7	4	2
700 – 900	22	15	8	5	3
900 – 1100	24	16	9	6	3
1100 – 1500	26	18	11	7	4
1500 – 1900	28	20	13	8	4
1900 – 2500	31	22	15	10	5
2500 – 3100	33	25	18	11	6
3100 – 3600	36	27	20	14	7
3600 – 4000	37	28	21	15	7

Unit: µm

3.3.13.2 Accuracy – height and width

Height tolerance of H
Permissible absolute dimension deviation of height H, measured between the centre of bolting surface C and rail underside A, with any position of the block on the rail.

Height variance of H
Permissible deviation of height H between several blocks on one rail, measured at the same position of the rail.

Width tolerance of N
Permissible absolute dimension deviation of width N, measured between the centre of bolting surfaces D and B, with any position of the block on the rail.

Width variance of N
Permissible deviation of width N between several blocks on one rail, measured at the same position of the rail.

Table 3.54 **Tolerances of width and height**

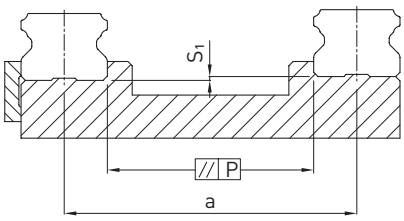
Series/size	Accuracy class	Height tolerance of H	Width tolerance of N	Height variance of H	Width variance of N
EG_15, 20 **QE_15, 20**	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.02
	H (high)	± 0.03	± 0.03	0.01	0.01
	P (precision)	0/– 0.03 [1] ± 0.015 [2]	0/– 0.03 [1] ± 0.015 [2]	0.006	0.006
	SP (super precision)	0/– 0.015	0/– 0.015	0.004	0.004
	UP (ultra precision)	0/– 0.008	0/– 0.008	0.003	0.003
EG_25, 30, 35 **QE_25, 30, 35**	C (Normal)	± 0.1	± 0.1	0.02	0.03
	H (high)	± 0.04	± 0.04	0.015	0.015
	P (precision)	0/– 0.04 [1] ± 0.02 [2]	0/– 0.04 [1] ± 0.02 [2]	0.007	0.007
	SP (super precision)	0/– 0.02	0/– 0.02	0.005	0.005
	UP (ultra precision)	0/– 0.01	0/– 0.01	0.003	0.003

Unit: mm

[1] Assembled linear guideway
[2] Unassembled linear guideway

3.3.13.3 Permissible tolerances of the mounting surface

Once the requirements for the accuracy of the mounting surfaces are met, the high accuracy, rigidity and service life of the EG and QE series linear guideways are achieved.



Tolerance of parallelism of reference surface (P):

Table 3.55 **Maximum tolerance for parallelism (P)**

Series/Size	Preload class		
	Z0	**ZA**	**ZB**
EG/QE_15	25	18	—
EG/QE_20	25	20	18
EG/QE_25	30	22	20
EG/QE_30	40	30	27
EG/QE_35	50	35	30

Unit: μm

Tolerance of height of reference surface (S_1):

F 3.11 $S_1 = a \times K$

S_1 Maximum height tolerance [mm]
a Distance between rails [mm]
K Coefficient of height tolerance

Table 3.56 **Coefficient of height tolerance (K)**

Series/Size	Preload class		
	Z0	**ZA**	**ZB**
EG/QE_15	2.6×10^{-4}	1.7×10^{-4}	—
EG/QE_20	2.6×10^{-4}	1.7×10^{-4}	1.0×10^{-4}
EG/QE_25	2.6×10^{-4}	1.7×10^{-4}	1.4×10^{-4}
EG/QE_30	3.4×10^{-4}	2.2×10^{-4}	1.8×10^{-4}
EG/QE_35	4.2×10^{-4}	3.0×10^{-4}	2.4×10^{-4}

3.3.14 Shoulder heights and edge roundings

Inaccurate shoulder heights and edge roundings of mounting surfaces impair accuracy and may conflict with the block or rail profile. The following shoulder heights and edge profiles must be observed to avoid assembly problems.

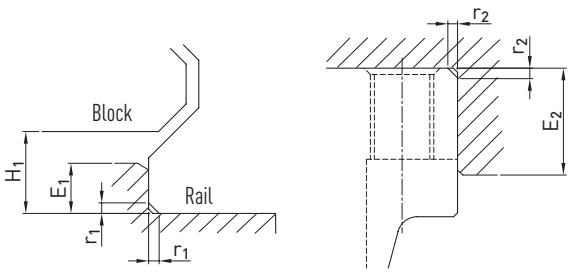


Table 3.57 **Shoulder heights and edge roundings**

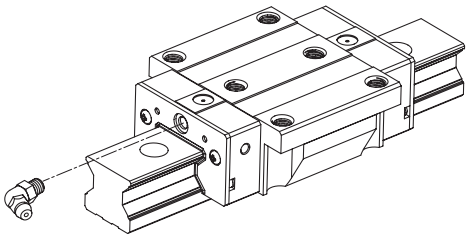
Series/Size	Max. radius of edges r_1	Max. radius of edges r_2	Shoulder height of the reference edge of rail E_1	Shoulder height of the reference edge of block E_2	Clearance height under block H_1
EG/QE_15	0.5	0.5	2.7	5.0	4.5
EG/QE_20	0.5	0.5	5.0	7.0	6.0
EG/QE_25	1.0	1.0	5.0	7.5	7.0
EG/QE_30	1.0	1.0	7.0	7.0	10.0
EG_35	1.0	1.0	7.5	9.5	11.0
QE_35	1.0	1.5	7.5	9.5	11.0

Unit: mm

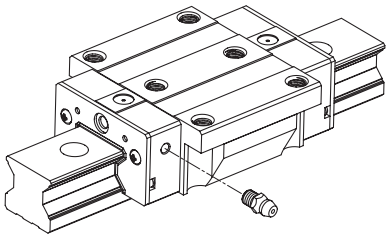
4. Accessories

4.1 Lubrication adapter

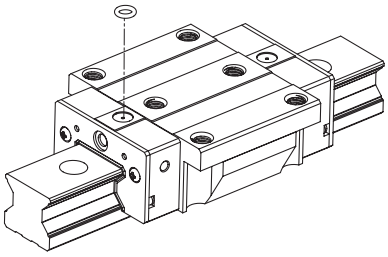
A lubricating nipple is fitted as standard on the end face of one end of the block **(1)**. The opposite side is closed with a plug screw. Alternatively, lubrication can also be supplied via the four holes **(2)** provided in the side of the deflector or from above **(3)**. Lubricating nipples, lubrication adapters or push-in fittings can be used for lubrication.



(1) Front side lubrication



(2) Side lubrication



(3) Lubrication from above

Table 4.1 **Overview of block type/thread size**

Block type	Thread size side/front
HG_15	M4
HG_20, HG_25, HG_30, HG_35	M6 × 0.75
HG_45, HG_55, HG_65	1/8 PT
QH_15	M4
QH_20, QH_25, QH_30, QH_35	M6 × 0.75
QH_45	1/8 PT
EG_15	M4
EG_20, EG_25, EG_30, EG_35	M6 × 0.75
QE_15	M4
QE_20, QE_25, QE_30, QE_35	M6 × 0.75
CG_15, CG_20	M3
CG_25, CG_30, CG_35, CG_45	M6 × 0.75
WE_17	M3
WE_21, WE_27, WE_35, QW_21, QW_27	M6 × 0.75 / M4
WE_35, QW_35	M6 × 0.75
WE_50	1/8 PT
MG_15	M3
RG_15, RG_20, CRG_15, CRG_20	M4
RG_25, RG_30, RG_35, CRG_25, CRG_30, CRG_35	M6 × 0.75
RG_45, RG_55, RG_65, CRG_45, CRG_55, CRG_65	1/8 PT
QR_25, QR_30, QR_35	M6 × 0.75
QR_45	1/8 PT